Media Release



IIT Hyderabad Researchers Propose Use of GFRP Rebar and Discrete Fiber-Based Reinforcing System in Concrete Constructions for Improved Durability

It is a robust solution with lower life cycle cost for increasing the longevity of many civil infrastructure applications, said Prof Murty, Director, IIT Hyderabad.

<u>Highlights:</u>

- GFRP rebars find applications in Road construction, Dams, Bridges, Rail Structures and Foundations of Buildings and Bridges.
- Research at IITH helps the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) develop standards for promoting GFRP bars in various infrastructure applications.
- *GFRP* rebars are an attractive alternative to conventional steel rebars for concrete construction, being cost-effective in many applications compared to steel when the overall life cycle cost is considered.
- Combined use of discrete fibres and GFRP rebars can alleviate the ductility issues related to GFRP rebars.

Hyderabad, December 01, 2023: A recent report from the International Zinc Association (IZA) reveals that India incurs a loss of 5-7% of its GDP yearly due to steel corrosion. India, with its vast 7,500 km coastline and big metropolitan centres in the coastal regions, faces substantial hurdles in protecting steel reinforcement of concrete buildings and bridges from corrosion. *Glass Fiber-Reinforced Polymer (GFRP) rebar is increasingly being used as an alternative to steel reinforcement because it doesn't corrode, is lightweight and is non-conductive.* These characteristics make GFRP rebars durable in corrosive environments, easy to transport and install, and beneficial for applications in electrical environments such as MRI Rooms, Rail Structures and Foundations of Transformers and Thyristors. *Promoting sustainable infrastructure is essential as part of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations (UN).* One such solution is using GFRP rebars in concrete construction, which can result in reduced maintenance, extended lifespan, and lower replacement costs.

The optimum design of concrete elements with GFRP rebars is essential for its effective utilization and for improving the safety of concrete members under different loading scenarios. *Prof S Suriya Prakash's CASTCON Lab at the IITH has developed hybrid GFRP bars and discrete fibre-based reinforcing solutions to improve the performance of concrete members under different loading conditions. Discrete fibre addition* improves the capacity and ductility of GFRP-reinforced concrete elements. Understanding the effect of fibres in reducing the brittleness of GFRP-reinforced concrete elements is essential to developing cost-effective solutions. The present research focuses on understanding the effectiveness of different types of macro fibres in concrete with varying dosages.

Prof B Murty, Director, IITH, congratulated the research team on this innovative GFRPreinforced FRC system solution and added, "Increasing the service life of the civil infrastructure is essential for fueling our country's economic growth. Research on GFRP rebars by Prof Suriya Prakash and his team leads to the optimum utilization of GFRP rebars in concrete construction. This innovation has once again demonstrated IITH's zeal to contribute to serving Humanity at large".

Proudly presenting their GFRP reinforced FRC technique, *Prof Suriya Prakash & Mr Ganapati* **M Patil, PhD Scholar, Department of Civil Engineering, IITH, said,** "Combined use of GFRP bars and FRC is a very effective solution to improve the strength and deformability for concrete elements that can perform well even in a harsh corrosive environment. We have extensively carried out experiments to understand the behaviour of concrete columns and beams reinforced with different amounts of fibres and GFRP bars to optimize their performance. We are developing efficient analytical models to pave the way for the development of simple design guidelines that practising engineers could readily use."



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Prof S Suriya Prakash and his team have published several research papers on understanding the behaviour of concrete elements reinforced with GFRP bars. They are helping the Bureau of India Standards to develop standards for promoting the use of GFRP rebars. Additionally, Prof S Suriya Prakash and his team are extensively working on various industry-relevant research, including Hybrid FRP Systems for Structural Strengthening, developing lightweight Precast Panels, and Ultra High-Performance Concrete (UHPC).

Refer to the latest publication on the subject for more details:

https://ascelibrary.org/doi/full/10.1061/%28ASCE%29CC.1943-5614.0001163 https://www.concrete.org/publications/internationalconcreteabstractsportal.aspx?m=details&ID=51725 844

Refer to Prof S. Suriya Prakash's webpage for more details: https://sites.google.com/iith.ac.in/suriyap-castconlab/publications

Electronic Release: <u>https://youtu.be/CQZdR5hnnoQ</u>

About IIT Hyderabad:

Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad (IITH) is one of the eight IITs established by the Government of India in 2008. In a short span of **15** years, the institute has become one of the top-ranked institutions in the country and has received global recognition. It has **300+** full-time faculty, **~4,800** students, **18** Departments + **1** Centre for Interdisciplinary Programs, nearly **500+** state-of-the-art Research Facilities, and five research and entrepreneurship centres. The institute has a strong research focus with approx. **Rs 950+** crores of sanctioned research funding, with PG+PhD students accounting for about **60%** of total student strength. IITH has more than **9,00+** research publications with **1,35,000+** Citations, **190+** Published Patents, **3,700+** sponsored/consultancy projects with **500+** running projects, and about **135+** startups that have generated **1000+** jobs and a revenue of **Rs. 1200+ Cr**. Follow us on Instagram, LinkedIn, Twitter, Facebook, Koo, and YouTube for the latest updates.

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